

# OPEN NETWORK EDGE SERVICES Software (openness): Apis

Edge Computing and Ecosystem Enabling Network Platforms Group (NPG)

# Topics

- Quick Overview of OpenNESS
  - High performance, secure, modular edge platform
  - Microservices-based
  - Customizable platform by selective use of services
- Classes of interfaces
  - RESTful interfaces
  - Protobuf interfaces
  - "Kubernetes" interfaces



# **Edge Definitions**



- Comply with data localityReduce application latency
- Meet reliability requirements
- Deliver rich user experiences
  Ontinging TCO
- Optimize TCO
- Improve service capabilities

Edge Computing: Placement Of Data Center-Grade Network, Compute and Storage Closer to the Endpoint Devices



# **OPENNESS:** What do you get

An Optimized and Cohesive Framework for Managing Apps and Services

### **OPENNESS EXPERIENCE KIT:**

Available at openness.org

Microservices

Sample applications (with relevant SDKs integrated – eg. Smart city)

SDKs (OpenVINO, IPP, MKL, DPDK...)

OS Kernel and bios configurations

Reference hardware specs

Performance benchmarks (in the future)

Ansible Playbooks



# Intel's Edge Platform Offering

Services (IOT, Comms, Cloud, Enterprise)

Vertical Recipes (Retail, Industrial, Healthcare...) & Solutions (CERA, EIS)



MULTI-RADIO LTE/5G/WI-FI





### **RESOURCE ORCHESTRATION AND VIRTUALIZATION**

**NETWORK PLATFORM INFRASTRUCTURE SOFTWARE (DPDK)** 

**EDGE HARDWARE PLATFORM** 



## Architecture (Network Edge Deployment)



\*OpenNESS Edge Node can be deployed on Network Edge or On-Premise Edge



# OpenNESS Functionality: A Closer Look (1/2)

#### **OVN/OVS-DPDK**

High-performance Data Plane microservices supporting a Container Network Interface (CNI) and can be managed by a standard SDN controller via Open Flow

#### SR/IOV

Enable allocation of PCIe SRIOV virtual function to applications and network functions

### 5G – AF, NEF

3GPP Network function microservices enabling deployment of edge cloud in a 5G network

### **4G-LTE OAM**

Multi-Access Networking

Data Plane

Microservice extending the capability of 3GPP 4G core network enabling deployment of edge cloud

### **CNCA (Core Network Configuration API)**

REST Based interface for configuring 4G and 5G Network Functions in edge cloud deployments

#### Multus

Container network interface (CNI) plugin for Kubernetes that enables the attachment of multiple network interfaces to pods.

#### NFD (Node Feature Discovery)

Kubernetes add-on that detects and advertises hardware and software capabilities of a platform that can, in turn, be used to facilitate intelligent scheduling of a workload.

#### TAS (Telemetry Aware Scheduler)

Making available hardware and software Telemetry data for scheduling and de-scheduling decisions Kubernetes

#### Enhanced Platform Awareness (EPA)

#### CMK (CPU Manager for Kubernetes)

Kubernetes plugin that provides core affinity for applications deployed as Kubernetes pods

#### **Topology Manager - NUMA**

Solution permitting CPU Manager and Device Manager, to coordinate the resources allocated to a workload.

### RMD, SST-BF (QoS)\*

Provide a central uniform interface portal for hardware resource management tasks on x86 platforms

\*Coming soon as part of future enhancements

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# OpenNESS Functionality: A Closer Look (2/2)

#### **FPGA Orchestration**

Enable Programming, Configuration and resource allocation of FPGAs

#### HDDL Orchestration

Accelerator

Application

Enable allocation of Intel<sup>®</sup> Movidius<sup>™</sup> Myriad<sup>™</sup> X High Density Deep Learning (HDDL) cards to cloud native applications

#### **VCA Orchestration**

Enable allocation of Intel<sup>®</sup> Visual Compute Acceleration cards to Cloud native applications

#### Multi Cloud

Enable deployment of Public Cloud IOT gateways on Edge platform

#### Service Mesh

Provide a common message bus for applications and services on the platform to publish and subscribe.

#### DNS

DNS microservices with forwarding capability for edge applications and network functions

\*Coming soon as part of future enhancements

### Securely Store Data\* Enable Applications to securely store and retrieve data

### Isolate Secure Data\*

Enable Isolation of data from application instances on the edge node

### Security\*

#### SGX (Software Guard Extensions)

Enable allocation of Key storage and secure enclave resource to applications

### RBAC (Role-Based Access Control, PKI (Public Key Infrastructure)

Configure fine-grained and specific sets of permissions that define how a user, or group of users, can interact with the system objects

#### **ISEC-L**

Intel<sup>®</sup> Security Libraries extend the concept of the "chain of trust" using a remote Verification Service to verify the measured server components against previously-stored known-good measurements



# **OpenNESS Microservices Architecture**

OpenNESS follows a microservice architectural style

- gRPC used as underlying API framework
- RESTful APIs provided for integration with external subsystems and apps
- Microservices implemented in a split Service/Agent (in Controller/Platform) style for resilience
- External interfaces are also supported
  - Open source APIs (e.g., OpenStack, Kubernetes)
  - Network Interfaces (e.g., sockets, DPDK)

• LTE Control and User Plane interfaces



# Platform/Controller Gateway

- API gateway for Edge Platform and controller communication.
- Controller and agent microservices communicate through these gateways.



# Edge Application Service/Agent



for inter-application communication

- Service registration
- Service discovery
- Communication support for services

Edge Application API: EAA

• Application availability



# Edge Lifecycle Service/Agent

Manage configuration of the Edge Platform deployment

- Enroll Edge Platform with controller and create certificate
- Configure edge platform network ports for use in traffic steering
- Configure Application rules

Support application authentication for application services

Carry out application lifecycle support procedures

•Edge Lifecycle Management API: ELA



# Edge Virtualization Service/Agent

- Manage virtualized resources on edge platform
- Ensure proper operation both -in presence and absence of Virtualization Manager (i.e., OpenStack, Kubernetes)
- Instantiate, start, stop containers/VMs via platform virtualization manager if present in the deployment environment
- Instantiate, start, stop containers/VMs directly via libraries if virtualization manager is not present

**Edge Virtualization Infrastructure API: EVA** 



\*Other names and brands may be claimed as the property of others

# **Controller APIs**

APIs implemented by the Controller

Used by Orchestrator or (web-based) UI application to carry out activities on the system

Objects controlled by APIs are:\_\_\_\_

- Node: refers to an edge platform; API performs an operation on a platform
- Application: refers to an application image managed by controller.
- Policy: refers to a traffic policy (to be applied to an application or to a node)
- Interface: refers to a network interface on a node, to be configured
- DNS: refers to a DNS configuration (combination of "A" records and forwarding rules) to be applied to a node



# Configuring the Edge App in the 5G Network



Any UE or group of UEs (selected)

# **Topology Manager Microservice**

### Node without Topology Manager



### Node with Topology Manager



### **NUMA Aware**

Application always deployed on the socket with the desired resources for deterministic & reliable performance

### TM Microservice: Part of EPA family

### What does it do?

For un-balanced NUMA nodes with network card attached to only one socket:

- TM microservice exposes which socket is attached to the network card
- Enables the orchestrator to properly deploy performance sensitive edge applications (throughput, latency)

### Alternative Solutions:

Suboptimal allocation of resources resulting in degraded performance

Makes the orchestrator NUMA Aware, enabling optimum deployment of performance sensitive edge applications



## **Telemetry Aware Scheduler (TAS) Microservice**



health metric:-2

POD1

POD2

health\_metric:5

### TAS MICROSERVICE: PART OF EPA FAMILY

### What does it do?

TAS collects and exposes platform telemetry from collected and other sources to the Master

Master able to monitor performance of respective nodes and dynamically place/migrate workloads for optimum performance

#### Example:

Content Delivery Network in Loc A has a service provider with a high revenue generating streaming app along with voice app.

Loc A experiences voice app overloads due to local emergency.

Using telemetry data from TAS the K8s Master observes bottleneck at Loc A and identifies Loc B that is capable of added workload.

Service provider quickly and seamlessly moves the streaming app to Loc B with minimal impact to customer experience

### **Alternative Solutions:**

Absent this level of telemetry integration there is no way to get real time data needed to identify bottleneck and suitable node for dynamic offload

Exposes edge node telemetry metrics enabling service providers to implement rules based workload placement for optimum performance and resilience



# **OVN/OVS-DPDK** Microservice



### OVN/OVS-DPDK Microservice: Part of Dataplane family

### What does it do?

- Supports network overlay and dataplane using OVN/OVS-DPDK to accelerate data throughput
- OVN CNI (container network interface) helps
  - Configure network interfaces on OVS-DPDK
  - Configure data plane routing defined by SDN Controller (Openflow)
- Multus provides support for multiple network interfaces in the PODs deployed by Kubernetes

### **Alternative Solutions:**

Absent this microservice, a more traditional approach around kernel stack packet routing would be needed which has significant performance implications

Enables implementation of high performance data plane (OVS-DPDK) on a cloud native edge environment with standard SDN controller

# Node Feature Discovery (NFD) Microservice



Unique HW capability examples: FPGA, Security, Performance, ...

NFD Microservice: Part of EPA Family

### What does it do?

Advertises edge node capabilities to the orchestrator

Enables the orchestrator to deploy the applications to the edge node with optimum capabilities that best meet edge KPIs

### **Alternative Solutions:**

Without NFD, application is deployed with degraded performance

Implement a custom solution for the deployment

Exposes node specific HW capabilities to the orchestrator to enable intelligent placement of workloads for optimized application performance and manageability

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## **FPGA Microservice**



FPGA Microservice: Part of Accelerator Family

### What does it do?

Once NFD microservice checks for FPGA presence, version, status etc

FPGA RSU microservice programs and reboots the FPGA (as needed)

FPGA Config microservice configures it for deployment

FPGA Plugin allocates resources (eg. RAN-CNF) to the FPGA

In-field configuration/programming capabilities are currently not available in off the shelf k8s

### **Alternative Solutions:**

Physically program/config the FPGA (truck roll)

Implement custom/proprietary solutions

Enables automated remote programing/configuration of the FPGA and resource allocation to it



# How to get started:



Get access to Open Network Edge Services Software at <u>OpenNESS.org</u>

> DOCUMENTATIONS: Architecture Overview User Guides OpenNESS White Paper OpenNESS Overview Webinar/Video Other Developer Resources here

Intel<sup>®</sup> Network Builder University Training



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**OPENNESS** Accelerating Service Innovation at the edge