

# Akraino Bluval

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# Introduction

- › The Blueprint validation tests are mandatory for Akraino Release 3 (see next slide)
- › This presentation covers how to work with the tests
  - › From command line
  - › With CI
  - › With Bluval UI
- › The requirement is to make the results available
- › Security tests are handled separately
- › Again, only relevant tests are mandatory

# Proposal

For Incubation projects (that have been in R1 and R2):

- › Redfish
- › Kubernetes Conformance 1.17
- › Lynis
- › Vuls
- › Kubehunter
- › OpenStack Tempest 2019.11

For Mature projects additionally:

- › HA tests: etcd\_ha, ha/\*, ceph\_service

# Summary

- › Docker
  - › [Docker Bench for Security](#)
- › Hardware
  - › Bios\_version
  - › Hp\_baremetal
  - › [Redfish](#)
- › Helm
  - › [Helm chart](#)
  - › [Helm repository](#)

- › K8s
  - › [Conformance](#)
  - › [Etcd\\_ha](#)
  - › [HA](#)
    - › Ha\_calico\_dns\_proxy
    - › Ha\_etcd\_api\_ctl\_sch
    - › Ha\_services
    - › Ha\_worker
  - › [Kube-hunter](#)

- › Networking
  - › Helloworld
- › OpenStack
  - › [Ceph\\_service](#)
  - › [Tempest](#)
- › Os
  - › [Cyclictest](#)
  - › [Ltp](#) (Linux Testing Project)
  - › [Lynis](#)
  - › [Vuls](#)

# Docker Bench for Security

- › <https://github.com/docker/docker-bench-security>
- › “The Docker Bench for Security is a script that checks for dozens of common best-practices around deploying Docker containers in production”

```
# -----  
# Docker Bench for Security v1.3.5  
#  
# Docker, Inc. (c) 2015-  
#  
# Checks for dozens of common best-practices around deploying Docker containers in production.  
# Inspired by the CIS Docker Benchmark v1.2.0.  
# -----  
  
Initializing Tue Nov  5 10:27:42 UTC 2019  
  
[INFO] 1 - Host Configuration  
  
[INFO] 1.1 - General Configuration  
[NOTE] 1.1.1 - Ensure the container host has been Hardened  
[INFO] 1.1.2 - Ensure Docker is up to date  
[INFO] * Using 19.03.4, verify is it up to date as deemed necessary  
[INFO] * Your operating system vendor may provide support and security maintenance for Docker  
  
[INFO] 1.2 - Linux Hosts Specific Configuration  
[WARN] 1.2.1 - Ensure a separate partition for containers has been created  
[INFO] 1.2.2 - Ensure only trusted users are allowed to control Docker daemon  
[INFO] * docker:x:998:  
[WARN] 1.2.3 - Ensure auditing is configured for the Docker daemon  
[WARN] 1.2.4 - Ensure auditing is configured for Docker files and directories - /var/lib/docker  
[WARN] 1.2.5 - Ensure auditing is configured for Docker files and directories - /etc/docker  
[WARN] 1.2.6 - Ensure auditing is configured for Docker files and directories - docker.service  
[WARN] 1.2.7 - Ensure auditing is configured for Docker files and directories - docker.socket  
[WARN] 1.2.8 - Ensure auditing is configured for Docker files and directories - /etc/default/docker  
[INFO] 1.2.9 - Ensure auditing is configured for Docker files and directories - /etc/sysconfig/docker  
[INFO] * File not found  
[INFO] 1.2.10 - Ensure auditing is configured for Docker files and directories - /etc/docker/daemon.json  
[INFO] * File not found  
[WARN] 1.2.11 - Ensure auditing is configured for Docker files and directories - /usr/bin/containerd  
[INFO] 1.2.12 - Ensure auditing is configured for Docker files and directories - /usr/sbin/runc  
[INFO] * File not found  
  
[INFO] 2 - Docker daemon configuration  
[WARN] 2.1 - Ensure network traffic is restricted between containers on the default bridge  
[PASS] 2.2 - Ensure the logging level is set to 'info'  
[PASS] 2.3 - Ensure Docker is allowed to make changes to intables
```

# Redfish

- › <https://github.com/DMTF/Redfish-Usecase-Checkers>
  - › “collection of python3 tools to exercise and validate common use cases for Redfish”
- › <https://github.com/DMTF/Redfish-Test-Framework>
  - › “a python3 tool and a model for organizing and running a set of Redfish interoperability tests against a target system”
- › There was a bug (<https://github.com/DMTF/Redfish-Tacklebox/issues/22>) that prevented running Redfish tests in Release 2
  - › Fixed in 1.0.2

# Helm\_chart

- › Tests to validate Helm charts available in chart repositories
- › Does
  - › `helm fetch ${chart} -d ${CHARTDIR}`
  - › `helm lint ${CHARTDIR}/${file}`

# Helm\_repository

- › Tests to validate Helm chart repositories
- › **\*\*\* Test Cases \*\*\***
  - › Chart Storing
    - › Upload Chart to Repository
    - › Chart Upload Should Have Succeeded
    - › Update Repository Info
    - › Find Chart In Repository
    - › Chart Should Be Available
    - › Inspect Chart
    - › Chart Should Be Accessible
  - › Upload Already Uploaded Chart
    - › Upload Chart to Repository
    - › Chart Upload Should Have Failed
  - › Chart Removal
    - › Delete Chart
    - › Chart Delete Should Have Succeeded
    - › Update Repository Info
    - › Find Chart In Repository
    - › Chart Should Not Be Available
  - › Delete Already Deleted Chart
    - › Delete Chart
    - › Chart Delete Should Have Failed



# k8s/conformance

- › <https://github.com/heptio/sonobuoy>
- › “Sonobuoy is a diagnostic tool that makes it easier to understand the state of a Kubernetes cluster by running a set of Kubernetes conformance tests and other plugins in an accessible and non-destructive manner”
- › Specified on <https://github.com/cncf/k8s-conformance>
- › Supports the current release and 2 minor versions before

## k8s/etcd\_ha

- › Verify the recovery and health of etcd cluster
- › **\*\*\* Test Cases \*\*\***
- › Failure Of Etcd Node
- ›     Retrieve Etcd Config
- ›     Etcd Cluster Should Be Healthy
- ›     Delete Etcd Node
- ›     Wait For Etcd Node To Recover
- ›     Etcd Cluster Should Be Healthy

# HA/\*

- › “Hand-made” test cases for high availability
- › Documentation:
  - › HA test cases for calico, coredns and haproxy
  - › HA tests: etcd, api-server, controller-manager, scheduler
  - › HA services tests: docker and kubelet
  - › Run HA Test - Fail Control Plane

# Kube-hunter

- › <https://pypi.org/project/kube-hunter/>
- › “kube-hunter hunts for security weaknesses in Kubernetes clusters. The tool was developed to increase awareness and visibility for security issues in Kubernetes environments”
- › Steps:
  - › Cluster Remote Scanning
  - › Node Remote Scanning
  - › Inside-a-Pod Scanning

# OpenStack/ceph\_service

- › Tests the Ceph service
- › Test cases:
  - › Failure Of Single Monitor And Manager
  - › Failure Of Two Monitors And Managers
  - › Failure Of Single Object Storage Daemon
  - › Failure Of Two Object Storage Daemons

# OpenStack/Tempest

- › <https://docs.openstack.org/tempest/latest/>
- › Tempest is a set of integration tests. Tempest has batteries of tests for OpenStack API validation, scenarios, and other specific tests useful in validating an OpenStack deployment
- › Bluval uses test list from [https://refstack.openstack.org/api/v1/guidelines/\\$REFSTACK\\_TARGET/tests?target=platform&type=required&alias=true&flag=false](https://refstack.openstack.org/api/v1/guidelines/$REFSTACK_TARGET/tests?target=platform&type=required&alias=true&flag=false)
- › These tests defined by OpenStack Interoperability Working Group to be mandatory

# Cyclictest

- › <https://wiki.linuxfoundation.org/realtime/documentation/howto/tools/cyclictest/start>
- › “Cyclictest accurately and repeatedly measures the difference between a thread's intended wake-up time and the time at which it actually wakes up in order to provide statistics about the system's latencies. It can measure latencies in real-time systems caused by the hardware, the firmware, and the operating system.”
- › No pass/fail
- › No Docker container but can be run with blual if installed

# LTP (Linux Testing Project)

- › <https://github.com/linux-test-project/ltp>
- › The LTP testsuite contains a collection of tools for testing the Linux kernel and related features
- › Runs as a native executable and needs superuser rights for some tests



# Lynis

- › <https://github.com/CISOfy/lynis> or <https://cisofy.com/lynis/>
- › “A battle-tested security tool for systems running Linux, macOS, or Unix-based operating system. It performs an extensive health scan of your systems to support system hardening and compliance testing”
- › Gives a report with
  - › Time of an action/event
  - › Reason(s) why a test failed or was skipped
  - › Output of (internal) tests
  - › Suggestions about configuration options or how to fix/improve things
  - › Threat/impact score

# Vuls

- › <https://vuls.io/>
- › “Agentless Vulnerability Scanner for Linux/FreeBSD. Vuls is open-source, agent-less vulnerability scanner based on information from NVD, OVAL, etc”
- › Downloads a database of known vulnerabilities which can become large

# Summary

Test	Release 2 status	Comments	Release 3?
Docker Bench for Security	-		Recommended (no clear pass/fail criteria) -> security team could look at this?
Redfish	Planned but had bug	Works now	Mandatory
Helm chart, helm repository	-		Recommended
k8s/conformance	Mandatory	Uses k8s version 1.16	Upgrade to 1.17, can support others (tell us!)
etcd_ha	-		Recommended/Mandatory for maturity
ha/*	-		Recommended/Mandatory for maturity
ceph_service	-		Recommended/Mandatory for maturity
OpenStack/Tempest	Mandatory	Uses Refstack version 2019.06	Is anyone using OpenStack?

# Summary

Test	Release 2 status	Comments	Release 3?
cyclictest	-	Not pass/fail	Optional
Linux Testing Project	Mandatory	Only system calls, takes 45 minutes. Needs sudo	Optional
Lynis	Mandatory security test?	Gives a report of findings, needs to be quantified	Mandatory to run but no pass/fail -> security group can decide
Vuls	Mandatory security test?	Only Ubuntu is currently supported in bluval	Mandatory to run but no pass/fail -> security group can decide
Kubehunter	-	K8s vulnerability checking	Recommended (ask security group for comments)