Radio Edge Cloud

Radio Access Networks (RAN) and RIC



ETSI 5G RAN architecture



The DU (Distributed Unit) / CU (Centralized Unit) split enables running the CU in an edge cloud



O-RAN RAN architecture

The O-RAN architecture adds new elements

- RAN Intelligent Controller (RIC) near-RT
- RAN Intelligent Controller non-RT

And new interfaces:

- E1 between CU-CP and CU-UP
- E2 between RIC near-RT and CU-CP
- A1 between RIC non-RT and RIC near-RT





Infrastructure



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Key installation components

- Leverage Akraino portal as much as possible
- Container based
- Airship installation



Use cases



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As an operator, I want to

- **Deploy** an LTE/5G **network** as the components RRH, DU, CU, and RIC to leverage the benefits of standard hardware and software infrastructures at the edge of the network
- Promote an ecosystem of interchangeable components in the RAN
- Enable new machine-learning based algorithms for optimizing radio access
- Sample Channel Quality Indicators to get a better understanding of the **radio network quality** in different locations
- Collect and analyze detailed event logs for troubleshooting and performance optimization
- Fast-speed **beamforming** to use intelligent algorithms to guide beamforming with different parameters
- Optimize radio network capacity allocation and power saving

All of these allow for more optimal resource allocation which will benefit the end users with **better quality of service**.



Key targets

- Platform for RIC
- Robust, real-time Kubernetes platform
- Small and fast



Reference architecture



Reference architectures for release 1 and release 2

Upstream features in Akraino Rel1

- CPU management
- NUMA management
- Network management (DANM)
- Low-latency kernel options
- CentOS and Ironic

<u>Release 1</u>

<u>Release 2</u>

Kubernetes	►	K8s containers	K8s containers		
		Ovs-dpdk	DANM	DANM	
Akraino portal		RT OS	RT OS		
		OCP OpenEdge HW	OCP OpenEdge HW	Other HW	





